



3680A/B

Cable & Antenna Analyzer

Quick Start Guide





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MCS Test
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Preface

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We will assume trying our best to meet your needs as our responsibility to provide high quality instruments for you and also bring you first-class after-sale service. We always persist in “Good Quality, Satisfied Service” and promise to offer satisfactory products and service for you.

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“WARNING” denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a particular operating procedure, method, or other similar situations which, if not correctly performed or not adhered to, could result in personal injury. Don't continue the next step until you has fully understood and met the indicated warning conditions.

CAUTION

The sign of CAUTION represents important information tips, but no danger. It calls attention to a particular operating procedure, method, or other similar situations which, if not correctly performed or not adhered to, could result in damage to the instrument or loss of important data. Don't continue the next step until you has fully understood and met the indicated attention conditions.

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Chapter 1 Manual Overview

This guide makes an all-round and three-dimensional introduction on the structure and use of 3680A/B Cable & Antenna Analyzer (hereinafter referred to as 3680A/B or the Analyzer), from several aspects, including instrument panel, power supply, startup, typical application, after-sales services, etc. Through this guide, the reader can have a more systematic understanding on the Analyzer, and quickly grasp some basic operations. For your proficiency of the instrument, please read the guide carefully and operate properly upon instructions in the guide before operation.

Quick Start Guide for 3680A/B Cable & Antenna Analyzer contains chapters as follows:

- Ready for Use

This Chapter introduces preparations before operation, startup, panel introduction, battery replacement, etc., of 3680A/B. Through this chapter, you can acquire perceptual knowledge on 3680A/B on the whole, and make a well preparation for appropriate and safe operation.

- Typical Application

It introduces the calibration of 3680A/B in detail, and describes operating steps for basic measurement formats of 3680A/B and gives a brief description on techniques used in the test, through test cases such as cable testing, antenna testing, etc. By reading this chapter, you can use 3680A/B to finish some typical DUT test by yourself.

- Ask for Help

This Chapter contains two parts named after-sale maintenance and repair method, which emphatically introduces the problem solving in the process of operation, maintenance, and repair of the instrument.

Chapter 2 Ready for Use

3680A/B Cable & Antenna Analyzer is designed with exquisite appearance and comfortable operation. It has smaller volume, with the largest overall dimension being only 205mm (H) × 295mm (W) × 70mm (D); and lighter weight, with the single unit weighing totally about 2.5kg (including battery), which is easy to carry for field test. This Chapter will emphatically introduce the instrument's test environment, power supply, structure and battery replacement.

2.1 Pre-operation Preparation

This Section will describe the precautions before initial use of 3680A/B Cable & Antenna Analyzer. It meets the requirements of security specified in GJB3947A-2009, please read the following safety instructions carefully to avoid damage to the instrument or unnecessary personal injury.



To prevent damage to the instrument, avoid electric shock, fire and personal injury:

- Do not open up the instrument without authorization
- Do not attempt to disassemble or modify any part not described in this guide. If disassemble it at your own discretion, it may cause various consequences such as degradation of electromagnetic shielding performance and damage to internal parts, thus affecting product reliability. If disassemble it without authorization, even during the warranty period, we will no longer provide free maintenance.

2.1.1 Environmental Requirements

To ensure the service life and validity and accuracy of 3680A/B, please conduct testing under the following conditions:

1. Temperature range: Storage temperature range: $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +70^{\circ}\text{C}$; operating temperature range: $-10^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +50^{\circ}\text{C}$

2. Low pressure:

Low pressure (altitude): 0 ~ 4600m

2.1.2 Power Supply Requirements

3680A/B can be powered in three ways:

1、 Powered by AC power supply and adapter

AC-DC adapter provided together with the instrument must be used if adopting AC power supply. Input of adapter is AC power supply with 100~240V, 50/60Hz.

When transported and carried by a backpack, the AC-DC adapter should not be connected with the Analyzer in order to avoid overheating of the instrument. AC-DC adapter has a wide range of input voltage; therefore when using, it should ensure the power supply voltage should be within the scope required in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1 Power Supply Requirements

| Power Supply Parameter | Applicable Range |
|------------------------|------------------|
| Input Voltage | 100V~240VAC |
| Rated Input Voltage | 1.7A |
| Operating Frequency | 50/60Hz |
| Output Voltage/Current | 15.0V/4.0A |

Warning

Operating voltage and frequency is subject to that indicated in the nameplate of supplied power adaptor.

2. Powered by DC power supply

Voltage: 12V~18V (with battery uninstalled), 15V~18V (with battery installed)

Current: 2A (at minimum)

3. Powered by built-in battery

3680A/B can be powered by rechargeable lithium-ion batteries. If left unused for a long time, the battery will self discharge, so it must first charge the battery before using it again. Refer to Section 2.6 for battery usage details. The basic parameters of batteries provided together with the instrument are as follows:

Nominal voltage: 10.8V

Nominal volume $\geq 7000\text{mAh}$

Warning

Rechargeable battery shall not be exposed to fire and high temperatures (above 70°C), or thrown into the fresh or salt water, and wetted, and shall keep away from children.

Rechargeable batteries can be reused, and shall be placed in a suitable container to avoid short circuit. The heavy metals such as nickel and chromium contained in the battery may pollute the environment, so waste batteries should be placed in a dedicated battery recycling bins rather than disposed at will .,

2.1.3 Electro-Static Discharge (ESD)

When using the instrument, please pay attention to ESD protection. Take the following precautions to prevent static electricity if possible:

1. Before connecting the cable to the instrument for testing, the center conductor of the cable must be grounded first. It can be achieved by following these steps: connect one end of cable with short circuit and make the center conductor and outer conductor of the cable be short-circuited. When wearing an antistatic wrist strap, please grasp the casing of cable connector, connect the other end of cable and then remove the short circuit.
2. Ground yourself before cleaning test port of inspection instrument or connecting. It may be achieved by grasping the metal casing of instrument grounded or the casing of connector of testing cable.

2.2 Startup and utilization

Prior to powering 3680A/B, please perform power supply instrument inspection following “Power Requirements” in Section 2.1.2. Power for testing is allowed only after checked to be faultless.

Press the power ON/OFF key ( key) for about three seconds and then release the ON/OFF key after hearing a sound of “beep”. It might take the Analyzer 20s to enter mainframe program. A warm-up for 15min is recommended before testing to keep the performance of internal components of instrument stable for better testing results.

Warning

In this guide, the keys on the front panel are expressed with **【XXX】**, XXX is the key name; the menu button on the touch screen is expressed with [XXX], XXX is menu name.

2.3 Front Panel

This Section provides a detailed introduction of the front panel of 3680A/B. Figure 2.1 is the front panel of 3680A/B.



Figure 2.1 Front panel of 3680A/B Cable & Antenna Analyzer

The features of common keys are described as below:

【Freq】 : used for measurement parameter settings such as frequency parameter, signal standard, distance parameter and velocity factor etc.

【Sweep】 : used for measurement parameter settings such as trigger mode, scan mode, scan time, scan points and average / bandwidth etc.

【Trace】 : Realize contrastive function of memory trace and current data, including arithmetical operation such as subtraction and division etc.; or store the current data as trace in memory.

【Ampt】 : used for setting display area of Y-axis.

【Marker】 : realize functions of marker, including settings like marker ON/OFF, marker mode, peak search, and marker drag.

【Cal】 : realize calibration, including calibration mode, calibration status ON/OFF and selection of calibration kit models.

【Save/Recall】 : used for file operations such as store and recall of measurement state, store and recall of measured trace, screen capture, storage location and file copy etc.

【Limit】 : realize limit functions, including limit ON/OFF, alarm ON/OFF, limit line edit, store / recall and so on.

【Run/Hold】 : used to switch between the results of consecutive switch and keeping current switch of Analyzer.

【Meas】 : Measurement format setting and single / double window switching etc.

【System/Local】 : When the Analyzer is in local operating mode, it is used for setting system status, such as mode switching between cable and antenna analyzer and power test, setting of date, time, power saving mode, viewing the product serial number and instrument applications version number etc.; when the Analyzer is in control mode, it is used for switching to local operating mode.

Numerical (character) key: used for inputting numbers or characters

【↑】 and 【↓】 : Represent up and down respectively and used to control step or select current options.

【←】 backspace key: used to delete the last entered number or character.

【Cancel】 : Used to cancel parameter setting and close the input tag.

【Enter】 : is used to confirm parameter settings.

LED indicator: with yellow and green two colors, the physical state of the instrument corresponding to the color is as shown in the following table.

Table 2.2 LED Status Description

| Instrument Status | LED status | Physical state of Analyzer |
|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| Off state | Off | a) The battery has been installed; not connected to the power supply. b) The battery has not been installed; not connected to the power supply. |
| | Constant yellow | a) Battery has not been installed; connected to power supply. b) The battery has been installed and full; connected to power supply. |
| | Flashing yellow | The battery has been installed and not full; connected to power supply. |
| On state | Constant green | a) The battery has not been installed; connected to power supply. b) The battery has been installed and full; connected to power supply. c) The battery has been installed battery; not connected to power supply. |
| | Flashing green | The battery has been installed and not full; connected to power supply. |

2.4 Operating interface

3680A/B is provided with a 7-inch HB TFT true color LED with the function of touch screen and supports soft-key operations of applications through touch screen. The operating interface is as shown in Figure 2.2. 3680A/B provides different interfaces with different color contrast corresponding to different testing environment such as outdoor, nighttime, and normal testing environment; In addition, this instrument also supports automatic adjustment of brightness, hibernation, and automatic shutdown.

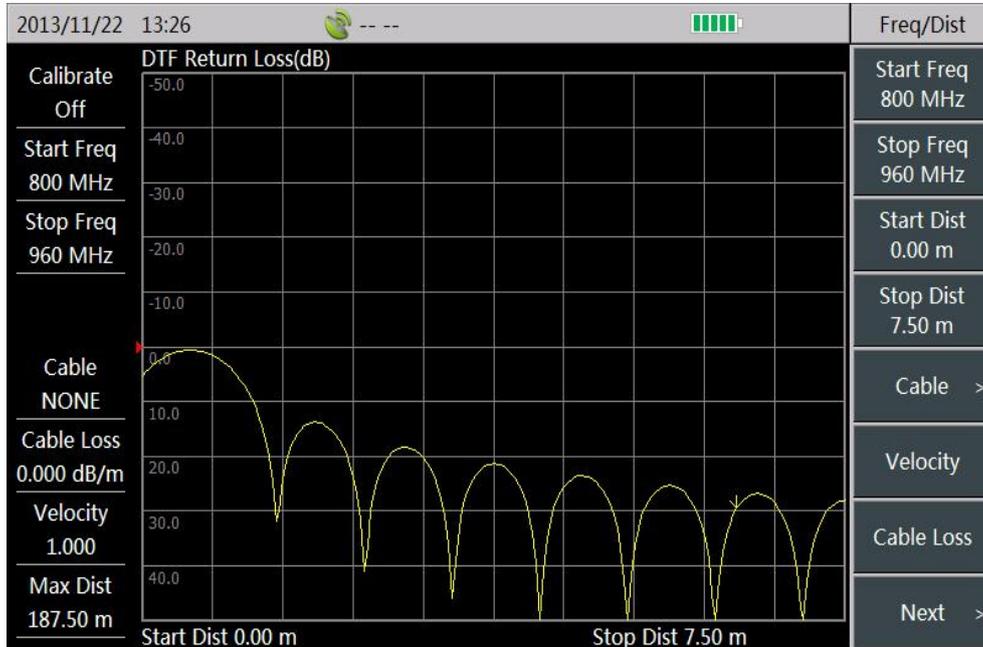


Figure 2.2 Operating Interface of 3680A/B Cable & Antenna Analyzer

2.5 Top Interface

3680A/B top panel is composed of three parts, including power interface, digital interface and the test port.

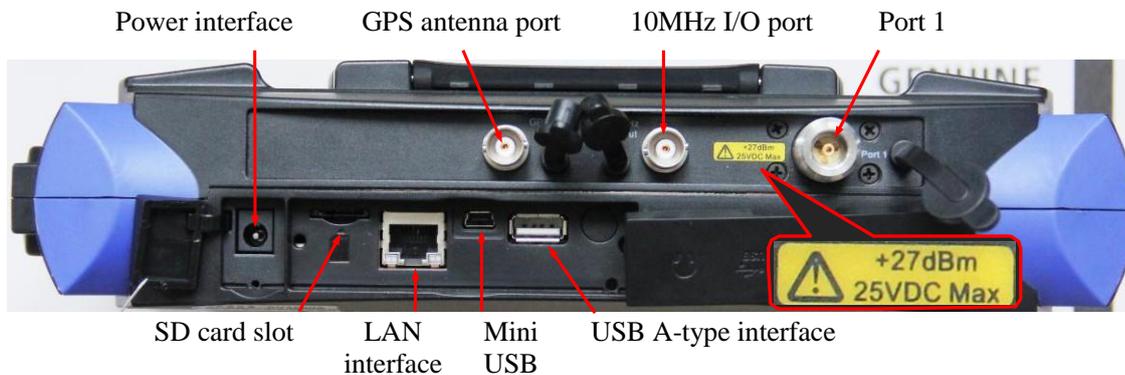


Figure 2.3 Top interface of 3680A/B Cable & Antenna Analyzer

2.5.1 Power interface

Power supply interface of the instrument supplies power for the Analyzer with DC output of AC-DC adapter or DC power. Inner conductor of external power interface is anode, and outer conductor is grounded.

2.5.2 Test port

1. GPS antenna port: Connect GPS antenna equipment and support positioning of the current location of Analyzer.
2. 10MHz I/O port: can be used to provide 10MHz signal for the Analyzer as reference signal by connecting

with other external instrument; output 10MHz reference signal inner Analyzer for the use of external instrument.

3. Port 1: or know as test port, is used in cable or antenna test. Characteristic impedance is 50Ω, N-type female port.



In order to protect the instrument better, the test port of instrument provides some identification symbols, users shall pay attention on their meanings to avoid permanent damage to the instruments.

Detailed description of instrument symbols are as described in Section 2.5.4.

2.5.3 Digital Interface

1. SD card slot: Micro SD card slot can be used in memory space extension of the instrument.
2. LAN (network) interface: a 10/100Mbps network interface, can be used to connect a computer (PC) via a network cable, related tools and software then can be operated by PC to perform program control and data transmission to 3680A/B.
3. Mini USB interface: connect an external PC, then related tools and software can be operated by PC to perform program control and data transmission to 3680A/B.
4. A-type USB port: connect external USB equipment, such as USB storage device, USB mouse and keyboard.

2.5.4 Instrument symbol

Instrument symbol shown in the picture (yellow label) means that the maximum input power of test port 1 is +27dBm; the maximum input DC level is 25VDC. Do not connect signals beyond this range to the port in use, which could burn the instrument!

2.6 Battery

3680A/B is equipped with a rechargeable lithium-ion battery with a large capacity with operating time of up to more than 8 hours for 3680A and 4 hours for 3680B. **In order to assure the service life, the battery shall be taken out of the battery compartment in transport and long-term storage.** Buying stand-by batteries of the same model with the original one is recommended if long-time field test is performed.

The mounting or replacement of the battery of 3680A/B is easily performed as shown in Figure 2.4.

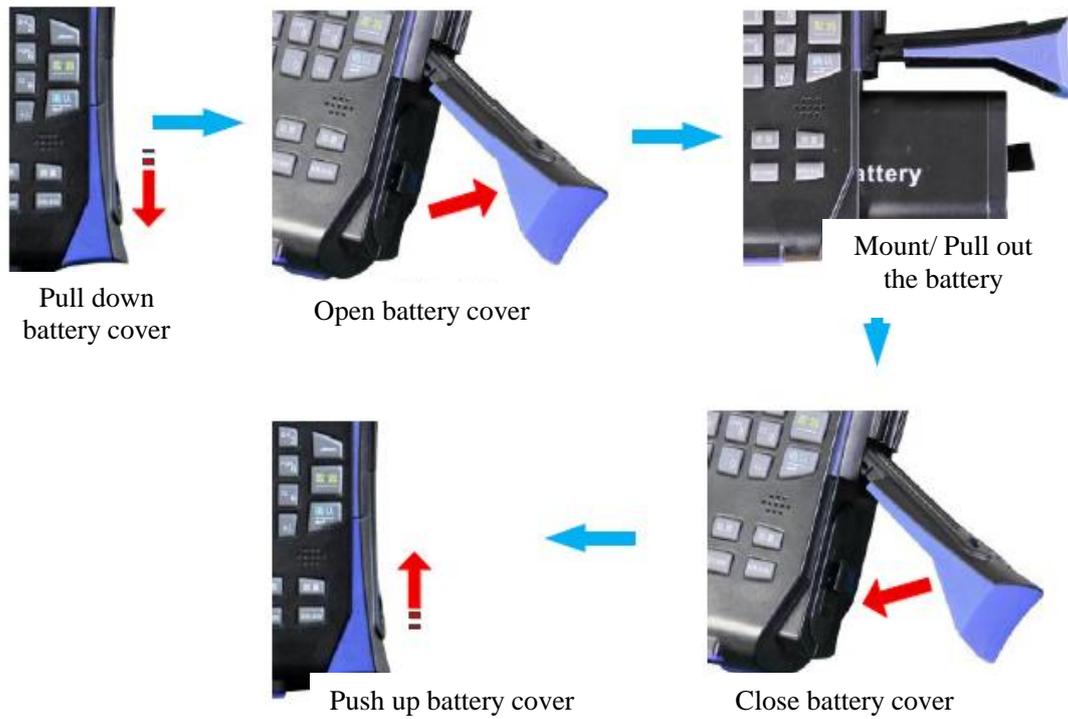


Figure 2.4 Battery Mounting or Replacement

In addition, for those dead batteries, charging time in OFF state is about 4 hours.

Chapter 3 Typical Application

3680A/B offers many measurement formats, and this Chapter will make a detailed instruction on operation steps of several basic measurement formats by three test cases.

3.1 Calibration

To ensure accuracy of test results, the instrument needs to be calibrated before test to eliminate the errors. 3680A/B adopts mechanical calibration method, whose calibration process is as follows:

1. Press **【CAL】** to enter the calibration menu.
2. Select [Cal Kit] menu, then choose the matched model of calibration kit from “Select Cal Kit” list popped up in the screen, and select the “Enter” key or press **【Enter】** to finish the calibration kit selection, as shown in Figure 3.1.

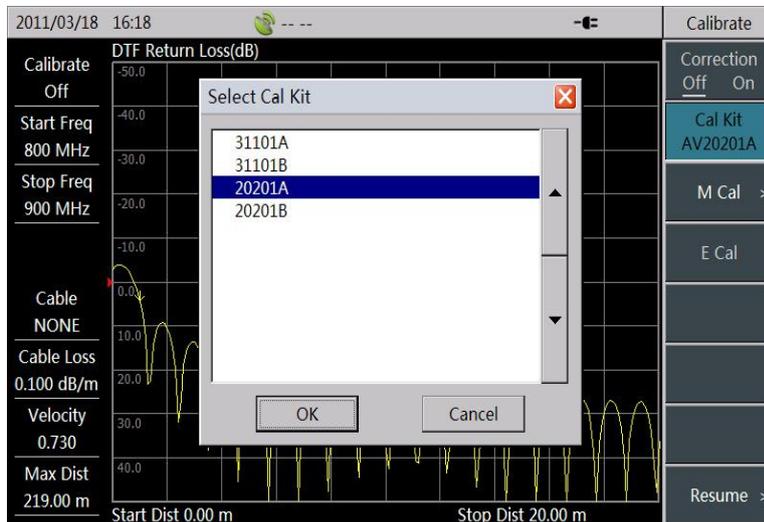


Figure 3.1 Selection of Calibration Kit Model

3. Select [M Cal] menu to calibrate the Analyzer following by screen tips. After that, Analyzer’s software will give calibration prompt instructions, as shown in Figure 3.2.

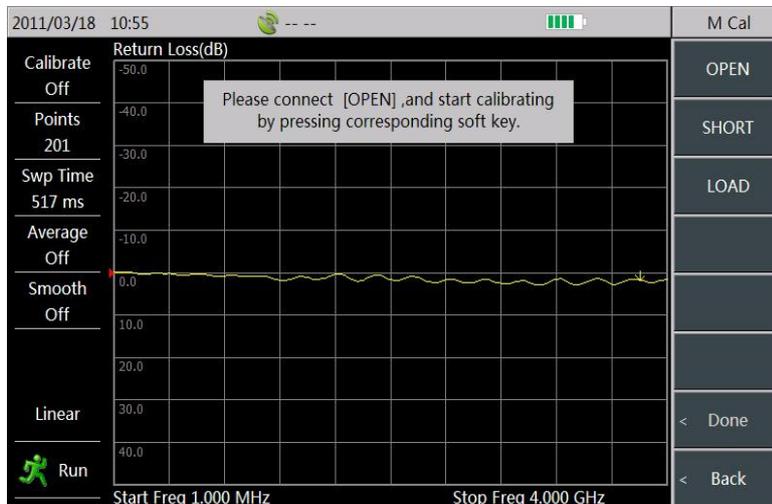


Figure 3.2 Mechanical Calibration Prompt

Specific mechanical calibration procedure is as follows:

- Connect the open to the test port and select the [OPEN] menu. At this time, the screen will automatically prompt “[OPEN]Measuring……”. When the [Open] menu becomes into [OPEN], it indicates the completion of the open circuit calibration. Figure 3.3 below indicates the completion of open circuit measurement.

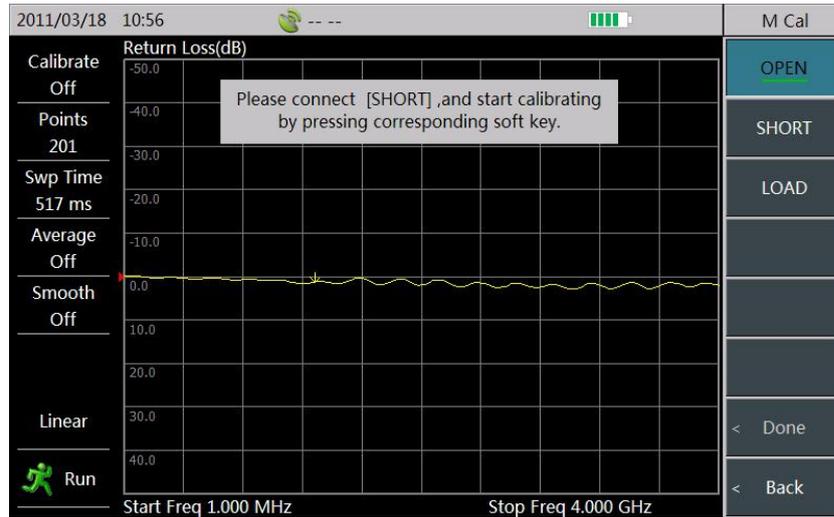


Figure 3.3 Completion of Open Calibration

- Connect the short to the test port and select the [Short] menu. At this time, the screen will automatically prompt “[SHORT]Measuring … …”. When the [SHORT] menu becomes into [SHORT], it indicates completion of the short circuit calibration.
- Connect the load to the test port. Then, select the [Load] menu, at this time, the screen will automatically prompt “[LOAD]Measuring……”. When the [Load] menu becomes into [Load], it indicates completion of the load calibration, as shown in Figure 3.4. At this moment, select the [Done] menu to finish mechanical calibration process.



Figure 3.4 Calibration Completion

CAUTION

In the real calibration process, open circuit, short circuit and load may be measured by any sequence, without following that in the present example. Select [Done] menu to finish the calibration after all three states are calibrated.

3.2 Cable Test

3.2.1 Return Loss/VSWR Measurement

Return Loss/Voltage Standing Wave Ratio (VSWR) is a representation of the reflection characteristic. In engineering applications, this Analyzer can test the return loss or VSWR of single-port or double-port devices, which is separately shown as (1) and (2) in Figure 3.5.

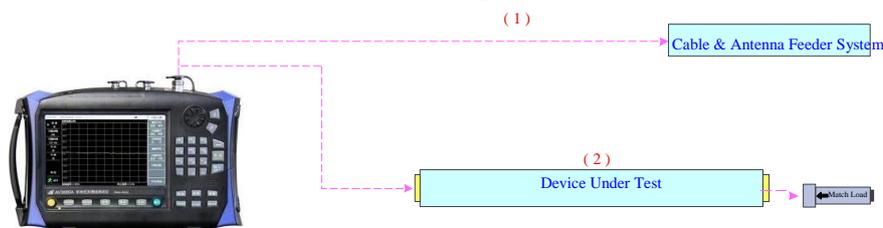


Figure 3.5 Connection method for Return Loss/VSWR Measurement

3680A/B mainly tests RF cable. Take the cable with length of 25m, radio frequency of 2.1GHz and VSWR of 1.05 as an example, this part makes a detailed instruction on test steps of return loss (Measurement steps of return loss and VSWR test are the same, therefore, it only takes return loss measurement as example here).

1. Press **【MEAS】** to enter the measurement menu;
2. Select [Return Loss] menu to set the current measurement format of instrument as “Return Loss”, as shown in Figure 3.6.

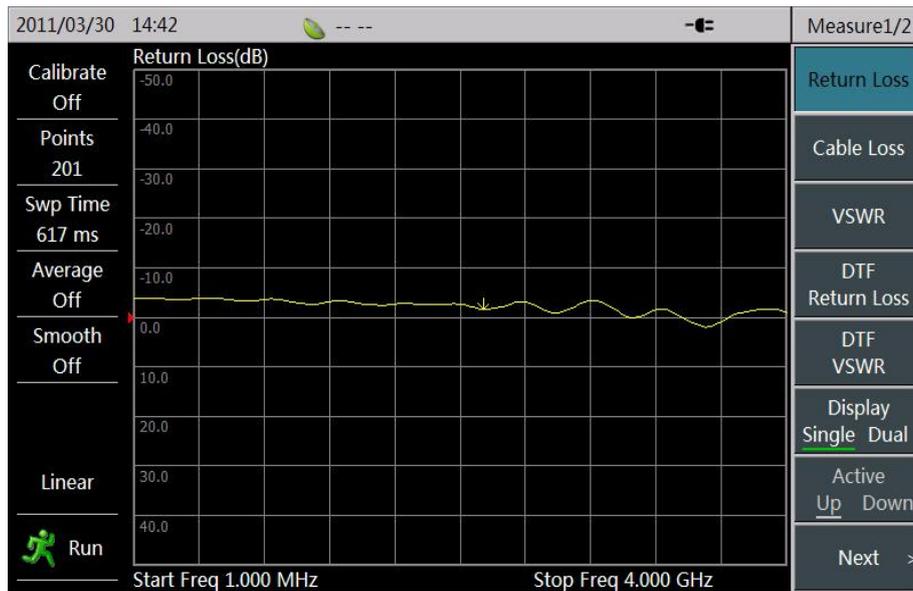


Figure 3.6 Selection of Measurement Format

3. Press **【FREQ】** to enter the frequency menu; select [Start Freq] menu, then use the numeric keys, knob or arrow keys to input the start frequency value and select the corresponding unit menu to complete the input; the frequency in this example is set to 1MHz.
4. Similar to step 3, set the stop frequency needed by the measurement; the frequency in this example is set to 4GHz.
5. According to the Section 3.1 in this Chapter, calibrate at port 1 of the instrument;
6. After the Port 1 is calibrated, connect the measured cable to the Analyzer and link match load to other end of the cable, as shown in Figure 3.7. The Analyzer will display the measured return loss curve.



Figure 3.7 Return Loss or VSWR Test Connection Diagram

7. You can adjust the amplitude display for easy observation by methods implied in Section 3.5; then,

press **【Marker】** to turn on marker function, so that you can check the return loss conditions of the cable at each frequency.

CAUTION

Return loss or VSWR is the matching degree of DUT at each frequency point in the whole frequency band. Sweep span can be specifically set according to operating frequency of the measured cable or DUT during measurement.

3.2.2 Cable Loss Measurement

Cable loss refers to the energy consumed by cable in the process of signal transmission, which is generally represented by average value. During the test, the cable loss is usually measured by the following connection, as shown in Figure 3.8.

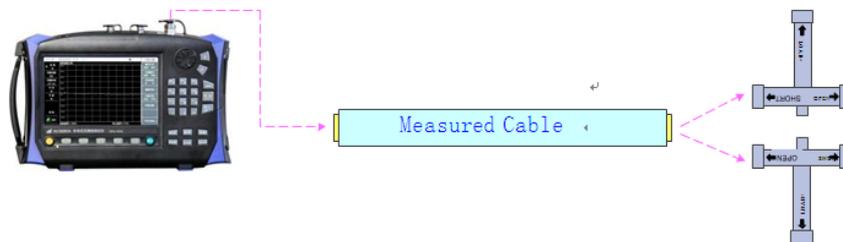


Figure 3.8 Cable Loss Measurement Connections

Now, this part takes the cable with length of 25m, frequency of 2.1GHz and cable loss of 0.36dB/m to introduce the cable loss test steps.

1. Press **【Meas】** to enter measurement menu;
2. Select [Cable Loss] menu to set the current measurement format of instrument as “Cable Loss”.
3. Press **【Freq】** to enter the frequency menu; select [Start Freq] menu, then use the numeric keys, knob or arrow keys to input the start frequency value and select the corresponding unit menu to complete the input; the frequency in this example is set to 1MHz.
4. Similar to step 3, set the stop frequency needed by the measurement; the frequency in this example is set to 4GHz.
5. According to the section 1 in chapter 3, calibrate at port 1 of the instrument;
6. After the Port 1 is calibrated, connect the measured cable to the Analyzer to ensure the accuracy of cable loss measurement. Terminal of the measured cable shall connect to the open circuit or short circuit, as shown in Figure 3.9.



Figure 3.9 Cable Loss Test Connection Diagram

Cable loss curve of the measured cable can be obtained through above steps. The so-called average loss refers to average the measured extreme values of loss. Users can use **【Marker】** to find peak value and valley value of the loss curve, then average them, and finally obtain the average loss of the cable. Limit value search process is as follows:

- Press **【Marker】** to enter the marker menu, and the Marker 1 defaults to be in open state at this time;
- Select [Peak] menu to place Marker 1 onto the peak position of the cable loss curve;
- Select [Marker 1 2 3 4 5 6] menu again, the menu becomes into [Marker 1 2 3 4 5 6] at this time, and then select [Marker Off On] menu to open Marker 2;
- Select [Valley] menu to place Marker 2 onto the peak position of the cable loss curve;
- Upon the cable loss values shown by Marker 1 and Marker 2, sum and average them to obtain average loss of the cable.

3.2.3 DTF Measurement

DTF (Distance To Fault) measurement, also called fault point location measurement, is a kind of performance verification and fault analysis tool in the maintenance and repair process of antenna and transmission line. DTF function of 3680A/B is realized by adopting the measurement technique named Frequency-Domain Reflectometry. In engineering applications, DTF measurement usually adopts the connection type shown in Figure 3.10 to measure the fault point status of connection cables of devices such as base stations, etc.

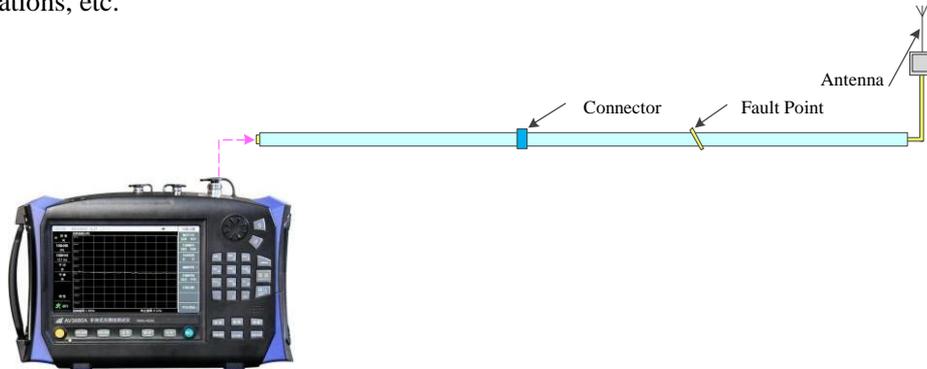


Figure 3.10 DTF Measurement Connections

3680A/B provides two measurement formats including DTF return loss and DTF VSWR. As for their difference, we will not explain here again for it is similar to the difference between return loss and VSWR. We will make a detailed introduction for measurement steps on cable length and return loss at each point, through taking the cable with length of 25m, velocity factor of 0.76 and cable loss of 0.26dB/m.

1. Press **【Meas】** to enter the measurement menu;
2. Select [DTF Return Loss] menu to set the current measurement format to “DTF Return Loss”.
3. Press **【Freq】** to enter the frequency menu; select [Start Freq] menu, then use the numeric keys, knob or arrow keys to input the start frequency value and select the corresponding unit menu to complete the input; the frequency in this example is set to 1GHz.
4. Similar to step 3, set the stop frequency needed by the measurement; the frequency in this example is set to 2GHz.
5. Press **【Sweep】** to enter Sweep menu; select [Point] to set the required sweep point, which is set to 401 here.
6. Select [Start Distance] menu, input appropriate measurement start distance by the numeric keys, knob or arrow keys, and then select the unit menu [Meter] to finish the setting.
7. Similar to step 6, set the measurement stop distance. Once the test points and frequency are set, the current maximal test distance of Analyzer is determined (it is displayed in the lower left corner of the screen) too. Users can adjust stop distance based on this value and estimated position of measured fault points. If the current maximum distance is less than the measurement distance, sweep span and points can be properly adjusted. Detailed explanation can be found in “DTF Measurement Distance & Resolution”

part in Section 3.5 of this Chapter.

8. According to Section 3.1 in this Chapter, calibrate port 1 of Analyzer;
9. Press **【Freq】** → [Velo Factor] to set velocity factor of DUT, which is the transmission speed and light speed of electromagnetic wave in the cable, is between 0~1.
10. Select [Cable Loss] menu, and set cable loss of the measured cable according to the known parameters of DUT.

CAUTION

Velocity factor and cable loss are inherent parameters of cable, if any further questions, please check the cable instructions or consult the cable manufacturer.

11. DTF return loss curve can be measured and obtained by connecting DUT to Analyzer and then link the mismatch load or open circuit to the end of the cable (as fault point). DTF return loss test connection is as shown in Figure 3.11.



Figure 3.11 DTF Return Loss Test Connection Diagram

12. Press **【Marker】** to enter the marker menu, Marker 1 has been turned on at this time. Select [Peak] menu to place Marker 1 onto peak value (namely fault point), in order to read out the location of fault point, that is the distance from fault point to measurement port of Analyzer. At 25m length of this cable exemplified here, we measure that DTF return loss is 2.359 which indicates that the length of cable is 25m. Or, you can check DTF return loss at each position by moving the marker. Fault points measured here are shown in Figure 3.12.

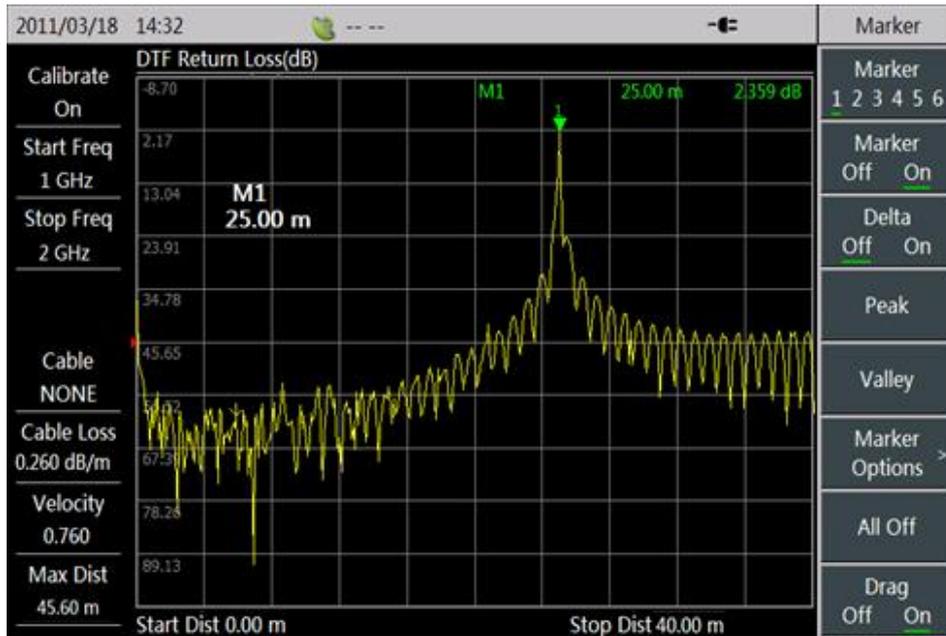


Figure 3.12 Measurement on Length of Cable

3.3 Antenna Test

3680A/B can test the return loss/VSWR of general passive receiving antenna. This part will introduce the measurement process of passive antenna by taking terminal antenna TZD-P021Z05-195 as an example. Terminal antenna TZD-P021Z05-195 is kind of receiving antenna with frequency of 2,100MHz, whose standing wave is minimum at 2,100MHz in theory.

1. Press **【Meas】** to choose “Return Loss” or “VSWR” as the measurement format of Analyzer.
2. Press **【Freq】** to set instrument frequency measurement range by contrasting with receiving frequency range of the antenna to be received; if the frequency range of antenna is not clear, users can measure return loss/VSWR according to system default measurement range (1MHz~4MHz), which is set to 2GHz ~ 2.2GHz here.
3. As the antenna has interface with diameter of 3.5mm, N-3.5mm adapter needs to be connected to the test port of Analyzer, and then use the calibration kit (option) with diameter of 3.5mm to calibrate the Analyzer as described in section 3.1.
4. After calibration, connect the measured antenna to Analyzer as shown in Figure 3.13.



Figure 3.13 Antenna Measurement Connection Diagram

Make corresponding adjustment on the displayed amplitude according to amplitude set-method described in section 3.5; then press **【Marker】** to turn on the marker function, so that you can see the VSWR situation of antenna at each frequency. Through observation we can find that VSWR of antenna is smaller near 2,100MHz, with minimum at 2,104MHz.

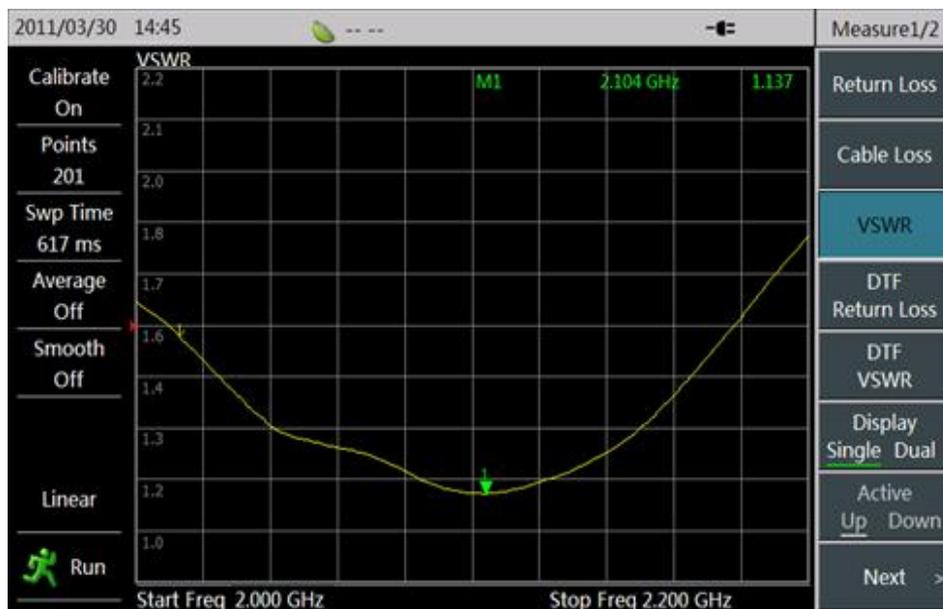


Figure 3.14 VSWR Test of Terminal Antenna TZD-P021Z05-195

3.4 Universal Devices and Parts Test

In addition to cable and antenna test, 3680A/B can also be used for testing the attenuation, cable connectors, cable joints, etc. This part will measure the return loss of 10dB attenuator, as an example, with operations as follows:

1. Press **【Meas】** to choose “Return Loss” as the measurement format of Analyzer.
2. Press **【Freq】** to set measurement range of Analyzer according to the working frequency range of attenuator; if the frequency range of attenuator is not clear, users can measure the return loss/ VSWR according to the system default frequency range (1MHz ~ 4GHz).
3. As the attenuator to be measured has interface with diameter of 3.5mm, N-3.5mm adapter needs to be

connected to the test port of Analyzer, and then use the calibration kit (option) with diameter of 3.5mm to calibrate the Analyzer as described in section 3.1.

4. After calibration, connect the measured attenuator to Analyzer and the match load to the terminal of attenuator as shown in Figure 3.15.



Figure 3.15 Attenuator Measurement Connection Diagram

Make some corresponding adjustments on the displayed amplitude according to amplitude set-method described in Section 3.5; we can find that the return losses of attenuator are all below 30dB. Based on the test data, designer can confirm attenuator index by contrasting with design index, as shown in Figure 3.16.

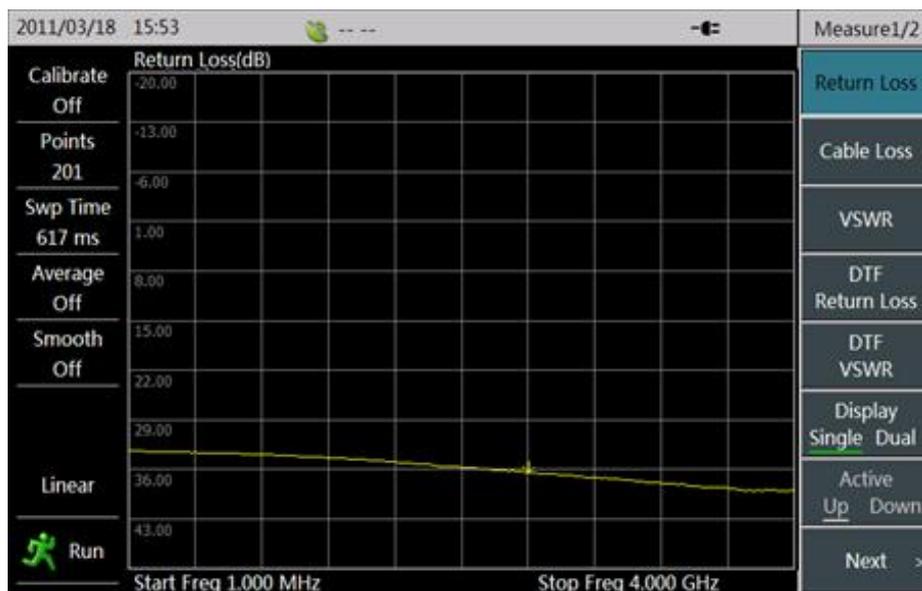


Figure 3.16 Return Loss Test of 10dB Attenuator

3.5 Test Skills

As there have given a detailed description to the test steps for several test formats, this part will make a brief introduction on some common skills used in the measurement process.

1. **Amplitude:** 3680A/B provides three ways for amplitude adjustment: First, through the top and bottom adjustment; Second, through automatic ratio adjustment; Third, through the adjustment on reference value, location and ratio. In order to make a clearer and more intuitive observation on the measured curve, the amplitude of displayed curve can be adjusted by adopting any ways under **【Amptd】**. After

automatic ratio adjustment of default scale and amplitude, the measured return loss curve exemplified in Section 3.2 is displayed as in Figure 3.17 and Figure 3.18.

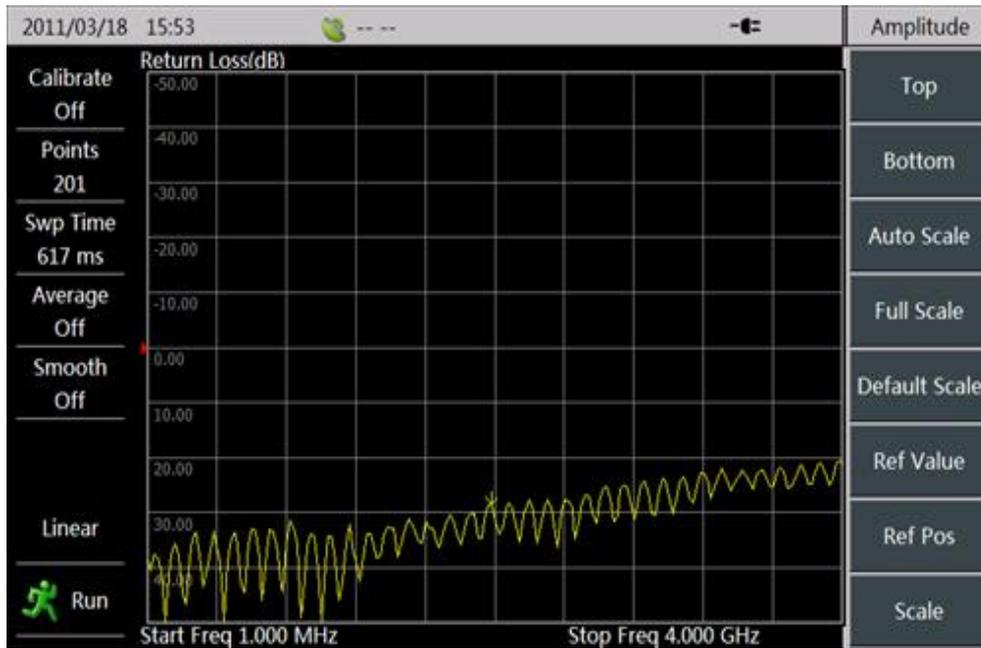


Figure 3.17 Return Loss Curve under Default Scale

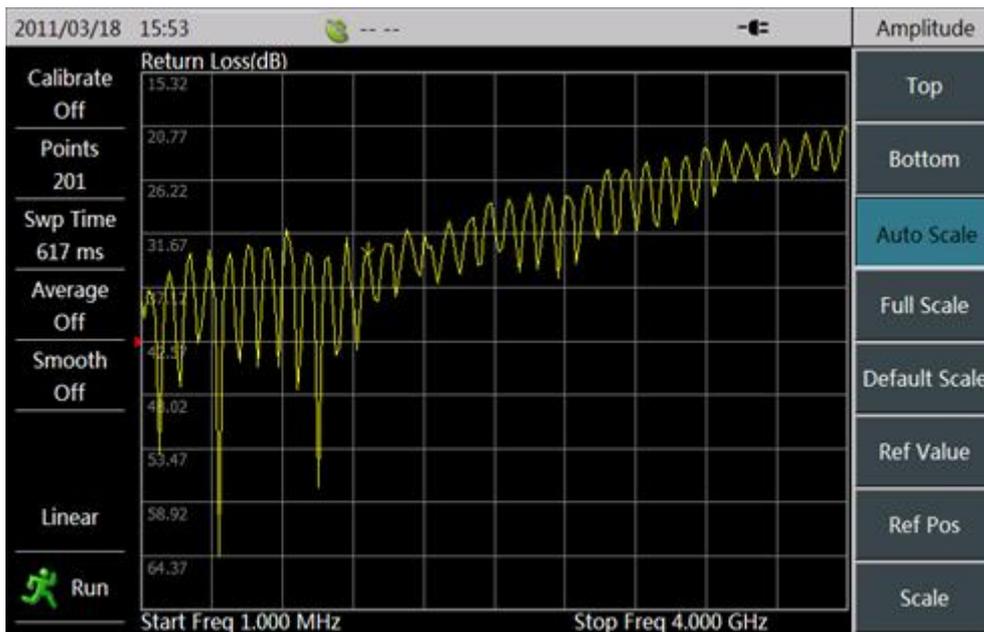


Figure 3.18 Return Loss Curve after Automatic Ratio Adjustment

2. **Limit line:** Users have their own eligibility criteria in batch test. In this regard, 3680A/B provides **【Limit】** function for the setting of limit line, making it easier to test products. Thus, when large quantities of products need to be tested, it only needs to replace DUT and observe limit line to judge whether the product is qualified or not. If the limit line is red, DUT is disqualified; if the limit line is green, DUT is qualified. What's more, it can avoid repetitive edit by saving/recalling the limit line. Limit line in Figure 3.19 has been edited.



Figure 3.19 Limit Line in Use

3. **Alarm:** The Analyzer also has alarm function that users can turn on or off this function by [Alarm Off On] when limit line is in use. If test curve of DUT exceeds the set limit line when the alarm function is turned on, Analyzer will raise a “beep ... beep” alarm, through which users can judge whether the product is qualified or not. Test curve in Figure 3.20 has exceeded the set limit line.

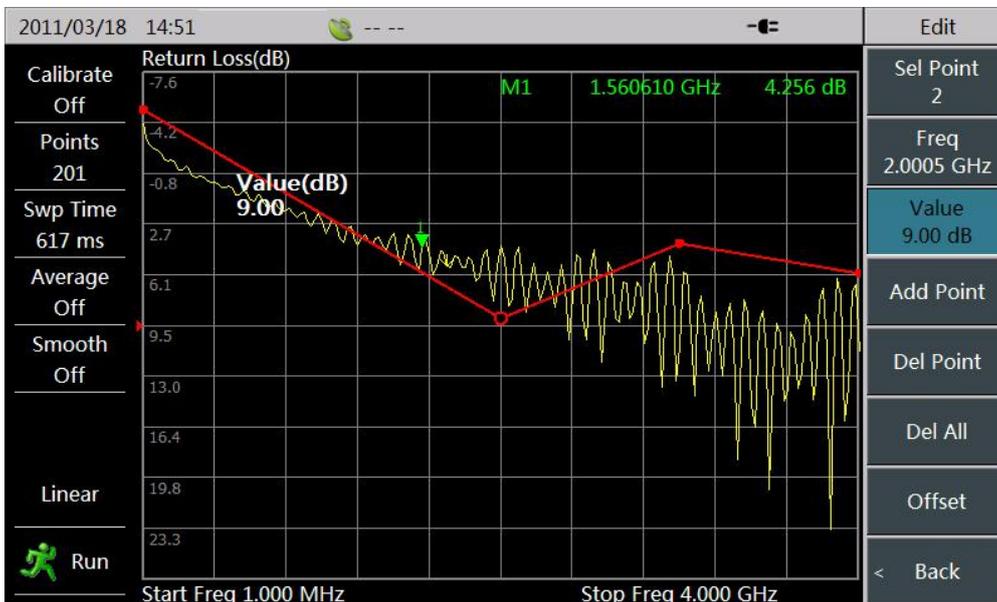


Figure 3.20 Alarm for Limit Line When Overstepping the Boundary

4. **Store/Recall:** 3680A/B provides store/recall function, for saving and recalling the measurement state, trace and pictures to meet the requirements of users when they writing the subsequent report, checking the state, analyzing the data, etc.

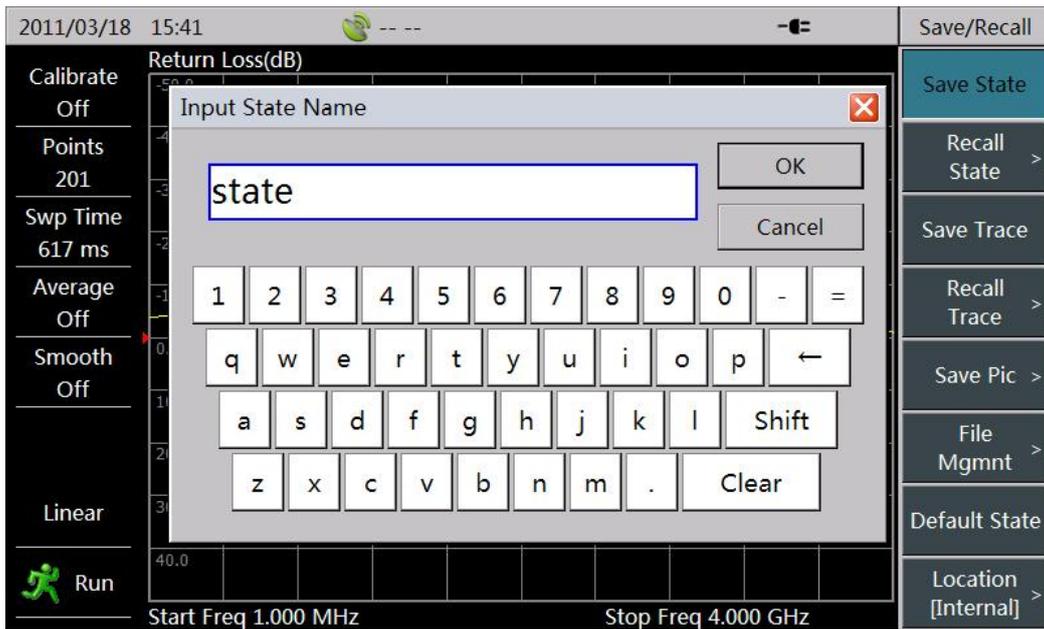


Figure 3.21 Return Loss Curve Measured Store

5. **Cable Model:** It has given detailed steps for setting velocity factor and cable loss in DTF test. To make it easier to test and set parameters, 3680A/B offers a series of common cable models for user's recall. Users can directly use [Cable Model] menu in the menu bar of **【FREQ】** to enter the interface for cable model selection. Then select the corresponding cable model through the touch screen, knob or arrow keys, choose [Recall] menu or press **【Enter】** key to complete recall of cable models. Thus, Analyzer will automatically match parameters for the selected cable based on its model, including velocity factor, cable loss, etc. Cable model recall interface is shown in Figure 3.22.

| Cable Name | Velocity | dB/m@MHz | dB/m@MHz | dB/m@MHz | |
|---------------|----------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| NONE | 1.000 | 0.000@1000 | 0.000@2000 | 0.000@2500 | Top |
| 310801 | 0.821 | 0.115@1000 | 0.115@1000 | 0.115@1000 | Bottom |
| 311201 | 0.820 | 0.180@1000 | 0.180@1000 | 0.180@1000 | Page up |
| 311501 | 0.800 | 0.230@1000 | 0.230@1000 | 0.230@1000 | Page down |
| 311601 | 0.800 | 0.262@1000 | 0.262@1000 | 0.262@1000 | Call |
| 311901 | 0.800 | 0.377@1000 | 0.377@1000 | 0.377@1000 | Prev |
| 352001 | 0.800 | 0.377@1000 | 0.377@1000 | 0.377@1000 | Next |
| AVA5-50 7/8 | 0.910 | 0.038@1000 | 0.055@2000 | 0.063@2500 | Back |
| AVA7-50 1-5/8 | 0.920 | 0.022@1000 | 0.034@2000 | 0.038@2500 | |
| CR50 540PE | 0.880 | 0.069@1000 | 0.103@2000 | 0.116@2500 | |
| CR50 1070PE | 0.880 | 0.037@1000 | 0.055@2000 | 0.064@2500 | |
| CR50 1873PE | 0.880 | 0.022@1000 | 0.034@2000 | 0.040@2500 | |
| EC4-50-HF 1/2 | 0.820 | 0.108@1000 | 0.161@2000 | 0.183@2500 | |
| EC4-50 1/2 | 0.880 | 0.074@1000 | 0.109@2000 | 0.121@2500 | |

Figure 3.22 Cable Model Select

In addition, in the menu of cable models, this Analyzer also provides [Head], [Foot], [Page Up] and [Page Down] menu to make it easier to search cable model.

6. DTF measurement distance and resolution: In DTF analysis, measurement distance is influenced by sweep span and sweep points of frequency as well as transmission speed of electromagnetic wave in the cable to be measured. The smaller the sweep span is, the longer the measured maximum distance will be. The more the sweep points are, the longer the measured maximum distance will be.

In terms of cable loss, nominal value of effective directivity of 3680A/B is equal to or more than 42dB. If the reflected signal energy is less than the effective directivity, the valid test result is not available.

DTF measurement resolution is related to frequency sweep span. The wider the sweep span is, the higher the resolution will be.

Chapter 4 Getting Help

Under normal circumstances, problems are caused by hardware, software, or improper operation of users. If there are any problems, first observe error messages and store them; analyze the possible reasons and use the methods provided in “4.1 Basic check” as reference and perform primary check to solve the problems. You can also contact our customer service center and provide error messages collected. We will assist you in solving problems as fast as we can. Please check 4.2 for detailed contact information or via www.ceyear.com online for the nearest technical support contact information.

4.1 Basic check

- ✧ If any problem occurs in the 3680A/B you are using. You can check them yourself in accordance with the following guidance. If the problem persists, please contact us.
- ✧ If 3680A/B cannot be started after pressing startup key, please check whether the power supply is normal. Check whether the indicators of adapter are powered on, or whether the power of battery is with electricity. If nothing wrong with the aforementioned problems, then it might be an instrument failure, please contact us for return-to-factory repair.
- ✧ Please press **【Reset】** key and return to a known state, if you cannot enter into the system or application programs after 3680A starts up. If it still cannot work normally, then it might be an instrument failure, please contact us for return-to-factory repair.
- ✧ If 3680A/B fails to start up and self test, please press **【Reset】** key, which makes 3680A/B return to a known state. If the self test still fails then it might be an instrument failure, please contact for return-to-factory repair.
- ✧ If the touch screen of 3680A/B does not respond, please use the key combination (**【System/Local】** + **【↑】**) and perform recalibration towards the touch screen (**【System/Local】** → [Settings] → [Touch Screen Calibration]), if the problem on touch screen response persists then it might be an instrument failure, please contact for return-to factory repair.
- ✧ If 3680A/B performance index is not normal, please check whether the testing tools and testing environment meet the requirements; whether the test port connectors are worn out; whether the performance index of calibration kits are normal. If nothing wrong with the aforementioned problems, then it might be an instrument failure, please contact for return-to factory repair.
- ✧ If 3680A/B cannot communicate via LAN, first confirm the IP address setting of Analyzer and then check the yellow LED indicator next to LAN interface on the rear panel. If this indicator does not flash then check LAN cable and connection.

4.2 Help Information

3680A/B provides “Error log” function, when a problem occurs, the instrument will automatically generate “Error log”, which records the abnormalities of hardware, file deletions, program control etc.; it is composed of three levels, including message, warning, and error and used for assisting in analyzing instrument failure. Users can view “Error log” via **【System/Local】** → [Page Down] → [Error log].

In addition, the customer service support center is ready to help users at anytime. Points of sales and offices have been set up all over the country. Technical support personnel located there can provide services such as rapid on-site technical exchange with customers, training, and product maintenance etc. We can provide comprehensive and convenient technical support and related services for your convenience.

Tel: **+86-0532-86896691**

Website: www.ceyear.com

E-mail: sales@ceyear.com

In addition, you can also log in on www.ceyear.com and use QQ online customer service to perform online counseling.

The instruments we supplied have been checked by quality and security departments to be qualified. We guarantee an 18-month warranty and long-term maintenance; free maintenance for those instruments under warranty, damaged for reasons excluding man-made causes; fees will be charged for those after warranty based on maintenance costs. Different methods such as telephone or home maintenance etc. will be adopted to solve your problems.

In addition, please contact us in time if instrument failure occurs, we will provide assistance required. Return-to-factory repair is also supported if necessary. Users are forbidden to disassemble the instrument by themselves in case damages to internal circuits and parts caused by misoperation.



➤ Hereby declares! Full responsibility shall be taken at your own risk in case the damages to the instrument or personal injury are caused by misoperation or improper operation occurred.

4.3 Repair Method

When your problems with 3680A/B appear difficult to solve, you can contact us by phone or fax. If you confirm that the instrument needs to be repaired, please follow the steps below to package the instrument:

- 1) Write a paper document describing the instrument failure and put it in a packing case with the Analyzer;
- 2) Package the instrument with original packaging materials to reduce potential damage;
- 3) Place gaskets in the four corners of the outer carton and place the instrument inside the outer packaging case;
- 4) Seal the mouth of packaging case with glue and reinforce the packaging case with nylon tape;
- 5) Mark “Fragile! Do not touch! Handle with care!” on the box;
- 6) Consign this instrument in conformity with precision instrument and keep all copies of transport document.

Appendix I: Technical Indicators

The technical indicators of 3680A/B have been strictly tested when leaving the factory. Users can also verify the testing in accordance with the technical indicators provided in this guide. The major technical indicators of 3680A/B are as shown in the table below.

Attached Table 1 Technical indicator of 3680A/B Cable & Antenna Analyzer

| Mode | 3680A | 3680B |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Frequency Range | 1MHz~4GHz | 1MHz~8GHz |
| Initial Frequency Accuracy | $\pm 2 \times 10^{-6}$ (23°C) | $\pm 2.5 \times 10^{-6}$ (23°C) |
| Frequency stability | $\pm 1 \times 10^{-6}/10^\circ\text{C}$ (@23°C) | $\pm 1 \times 10^{-6}/10^\circ\text{C}$ (@23°C) |
| Frequency Resolution | 1kHz | 1kHz |
| Effective Directionality | $\geq 42\text{dB}$ (M Cal) $\geq 35\text{dB}$ (Embedded E Cal) | $\geq 42\text{dB}$ (1MHz~6GHz, M Cal) $\geq 36\text{dB}$ (6GHz~8GHz, M Cal) $\geq 31\text{dB}$ (1MHz~6GHz, Embedded E Cal) $\geq 26\text{dB}$ (6GHz~8GHz, Embedded E Cal) |
| Source Match | $\geq 31\text{dB}$ (M Cal) | $\geq 31\text{dB}$ |
| Reflection Tracking | $\pm 0.08\text{dB}$ (M Cal) | $\pm 0.08\text{dB}$ |
| Battery | 8h (without Embedded E Cal, 70% light) 6h (with Embedded E Cal) | $\geq 4\text{h}$ |
| Power | $\leq 15\text{W}$ (Not Charging) $\leq 54\text{W}$ (Charging) | $\leq 18\text{W}$ (No Charging) $\leq 54\text{W}$ (Charging) |
| Measurement Speed | 1ms/point (10kHz IFBW) | |
| Power Supply | AC: 110V ($1 \pm 10\%$) or 220V ($1 \pm 10\%$), 50Hz ($1 \pm 5\%$) | |
| Size | 295mm (width) \times 205mm (high) \times 70mm (deep) | |
| Weight | 2.5kg (including battery) | |
| Operating Temperature | $-10^\circ\text{C} \sim +50^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| Storage Temperature | $-40^\circ\text{C} \sim +70^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| EMI | Compliant for the 3.9.1 section in GJB3947A-2009 | |
| Test Port | Type N female | |
| 10MHz In/Out Port | BNC | |
| GPS Port | BNC | |

Appendix II: Accessories / Options List

Table 2 Accessories / Options List of 3680A/B Cable & Antenna Analyzer

| Home | Accessories/ Options No. | Accessories/ Options |
|-------------|--------------------------|---|
| Accessories | --- | 1 power cord |
| | --- | 1 AC-DC adapter |
| | --- | 1 lithium-ion battery |
| | --- | 1 USB interface cable |
| | --- | 1 Software tool disc |
| | --- | 1 3680A/B Cable & Antenna Analyzer Quick Start Guide |
| | --- | 1 Conformity Certificate |
| | --- | Car charger |
| Options | 3680-001 | Configuration in English version(3680A) |
| | 3680-002 | User Manual (English version) |
| | 3680-003 | User Manual (Chinese version) |
| | 3680-004 | Programming manual (Chinese version) |
| | 3680-005 | Programming manual (English version) |
| | 3680-006 | USB Power Measurement Software |
| | 3680-007 | 87230 USB continuous wave power probe (9kHz-6GHz) |
| | 3680-008 | 87231 USB continuous wave power probe (10kHz-18GHz) |
| | 3680-009 | 87232 USB continuous wave power probe (50kHz-26.5GHz) |
| | 3680-010 | 87233 USB continuous wave power probe (50kHz-40GHz) |
| | 3680-011 | Standby rechargeable lithium-ion battery |
| | 3680-012 | N-type male calibration kit (DC-18GHz) |
| | 3680-013 | N-type female calibration kit (DC-18GHz) |
| | 3680-014 | N-type male calibration kit (DC-9GHz) |
| | 3680-015 | N-type female calibration kit (DC-18GHz) |
| | 3680-016 | Functional backpack |
| | 3680-017 | Shoulder package |
| | 3680-018 | Safety device transport case |
| | 3680-019 | N-DIN adapter (L29/N-KJ-T) |
| | 3680-020 | N-DIN adapter (L29/N-JJ-T) |
| | 3680-021 | GPS antenna |
| | 3680-022 | Low loss cable (N-JK, 80cm) |
| | 3680-023 | Low loss cable (N-JJ, 80cm) |
| | 3680-024 | 2 m purple UTP cable |
| | 3680-025 | Micro SD Class4 (8G) memory card |
| | 3680-026 | Standby Power Adapter |
| | 3680-027 | Embedded electronic calibration(3680A) |
| | 3680-028 | Economic calibration kit (male head) |
| | 3680-029 | Economic calibration kit (female head) |
| | 3680-030 | Configuration in English version(3680B) |
| | 3680-031 | Embedded electronic calibration(3680B) |

